ARCHITECTS

New Zealand Green Building Council Housing Summit 2024

"The characteristics of the world most worth knowing is it's natural beauty... the more we see of it the more of us it sees." Younghusband



Sam Brown

Director/Architect/Homestar Assessor

Arête Architects believe in blending the planes of architecture and environment; merging the two to achieve architectural excellence.

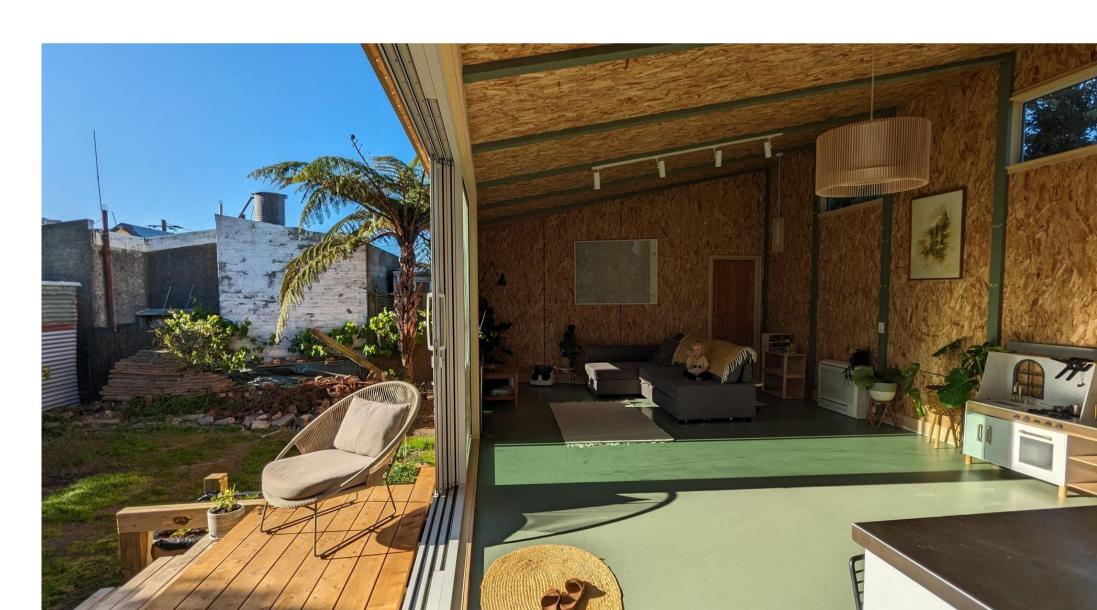
THE FIRST ITERATION The Restricted Section Wellington, New Zealand

KEY DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS:

- Established zones of the home for efficient planning
- Reorientation to maximise solar gain
- Raised floor level to ensure resilience in an identified flood area
- Modulation of construction for labour and cost reduction
- Raw and standard
- Designed to remove the need for additional consultants
- Raw and unapologetic material palette but executed to a high



- early



PROJECT LEARNINGS:

• Important to get clients understanding of the expected finish level

• Engage with a builder that wants to learn about high performance housing, or is already experienced. Buy in, by all the project team members, is critical

• Proposed efficiencies in labour and materials were realised

• Immediate shading to glazing needed to be better examined

THE SECOND ITERATION Tiu Studio Lake Hawea, New Zealand



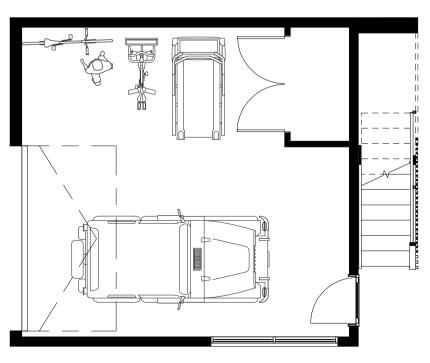


KEY DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS:

- Future planning for additional structures to be added
- Maximise sweeping views to the west, east and south
- Comfortable living environment year round
- Reduced site waste during construction
- Low maintenance, high performing and recycled/recyclable materials, fitting and fixtures.
- Natural material palette to better integrate into the local landscape.



- it can



PROJECT LEARNINGS:

• Better education around what we were looking to achieve was needed in regards to consultants, contractors and sub-trades

• Creative use of materials allows for an intriguing and dynamic residential environment

• Small scale does not always equal efficiency, but if you are clever

• The home is only part of the puzzle, the land, planting, context and culture all play a big part in the success of the project.



studio

THE THIRD/FOURTH ITERATION The Village Queenstown, New Zealand



KEY DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS:

- concept

• Intergenerational living suitable for now and into the future

• Communal spaces and amenities shared leaning into the village

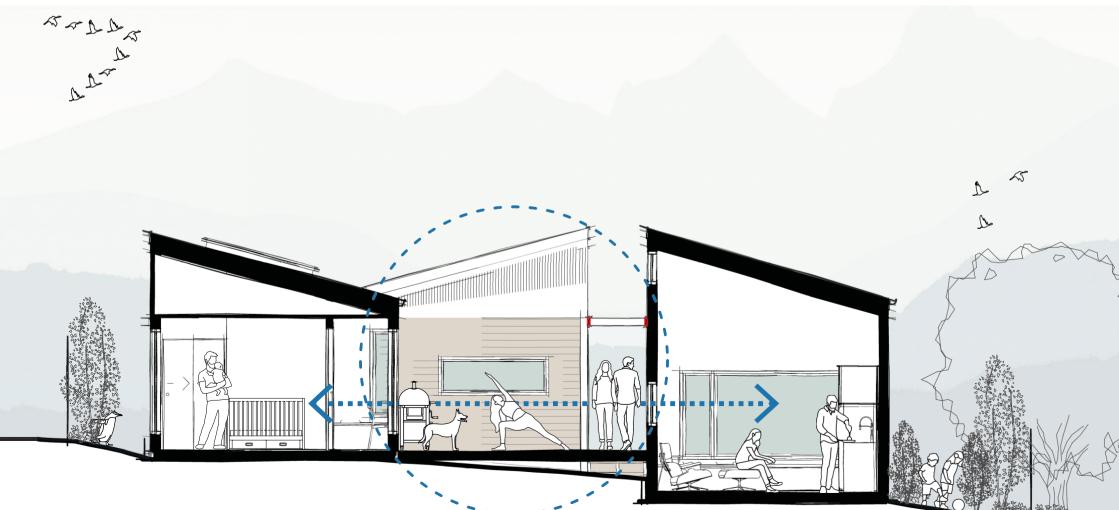
• Reducing the bulk of development with four distinct forms, more conducive to the colonial vernacular of the area

• As close to zero waste as possible including the demolition stages

• Comfortable, hard wearing and low maintenance

• Little reliance on public services with solar energy and rain water harvesting considered.





PROJECT LEARNINGS:

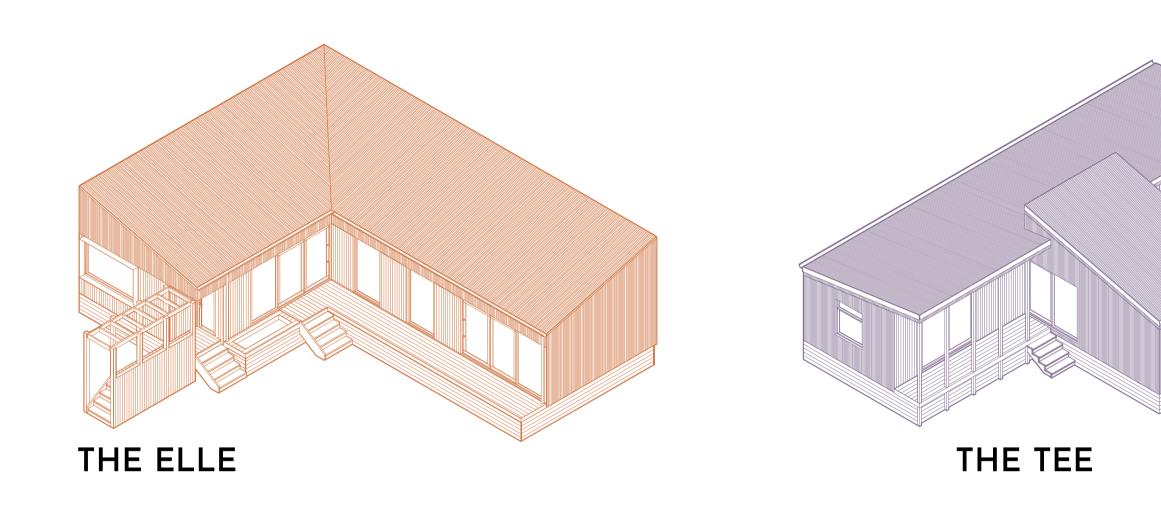
• Working with an experienced high performance builder added considerable value to the project

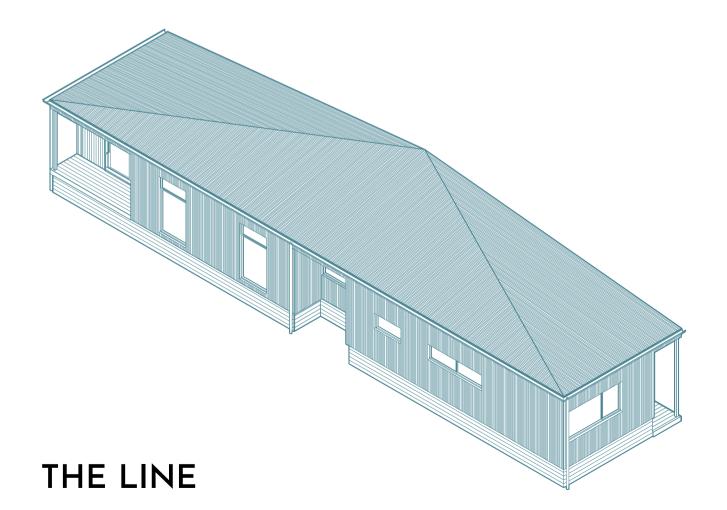
• Efficient use of the site resulted in a greater level of density while still appealing to the classic kiwi desire to own a standalone home

• Staged construction resulted in no displacement for the owners, critical in a difficult rental market

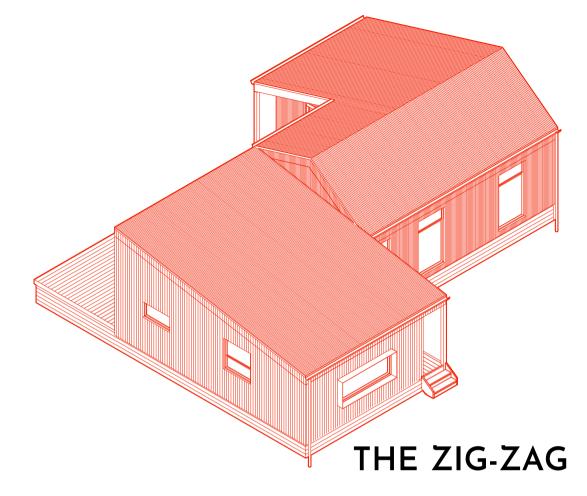
• Shared communal spaces an amenities allowed for greater social engagement and efficient use of space

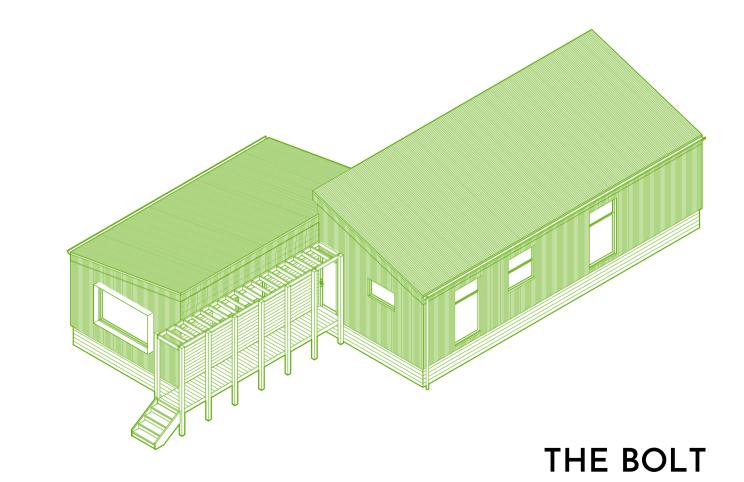














KEY ASPECTS OF SIPtris HOUSING:

- Cost-effective and modular construction: This results in fast erection times and minimal waste.
- Homestar rated: Held up to a recognised certification system.
- Climate adaptability and resilience: Designed for all climate zones and orientations.
- Repeatability: Easily replicated across different sites, including flood-prone areas.
- Strong design presence: Combining aesthetic appeal with functionality.
- Efficient space planning: Maximizing small floor areas to reduce the scale of residential housing.
- Quality living environment: Ensuring homes are healthy, warm, dry, and of high quality



THANK YOU



Housing Summit

Simplicity



A little hui, and lots of doi.

Progress so far

Built and rented

In construction

In development

Total

1,099



- Build on brownfield sites near public transport and amenities.
 - 100-250 homes/hectare making good use of land.
 - 150yr design life, 3x Building Code requirement.
 - Fly ash substitute for cement to reduce carbon content.
 - Solar panels on roofs.
 - Rainwater harvesting for landscaping.
 - 20% carparks with e-car chargers.
 - Bike parks (more than 1/apartment) with e-bike chargers.
 - Water saving measures on plumbing fittings.
 - Energy efficient aircon units and appliances.
 - Good shading to balcony slider units with balcony overhangs.
 - Thermally broken glazing units with argon gas and Solux-E glass.
 - Design and construction labour costs 1/3 less than industry with resultant transport, energy use reduction.
 - Extensive landscaping throughout developments.
 - Extremely low maintenance requirements over building life with brick facade, no paint, hence far greener.
 - A tree planted per apartment per week.

